



## Forward Models can be Inferred from EEG Data

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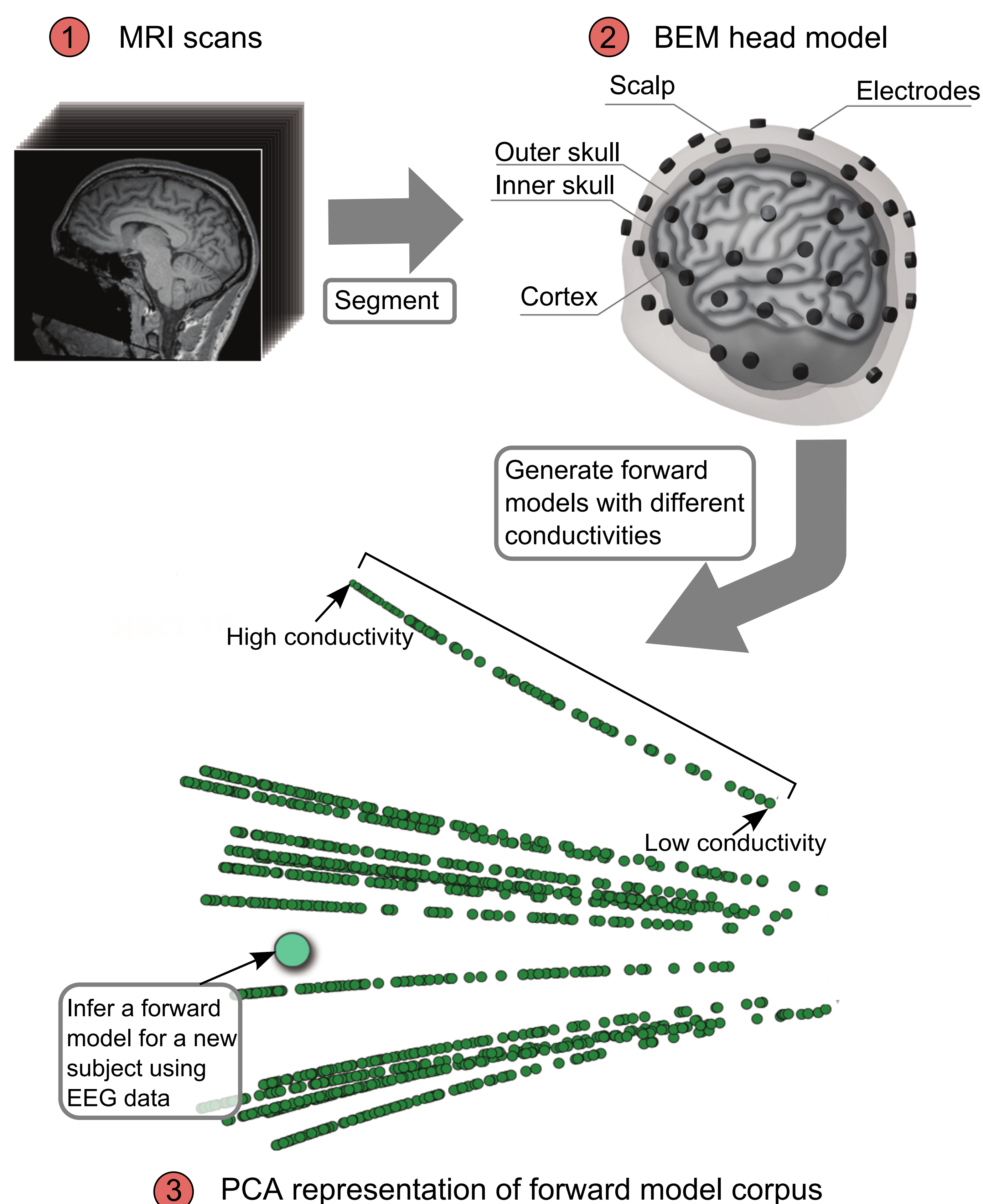
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## MOTIVATION

Accurate 3D EEG imaging is contingent on a suitable forward model [1, 2]. The forward model describes the propagation path of the EEG sources to the EEG sensors [3]. Forward models are estimated based on head geometry and conductivity assumptions thus requiring subject-specific information. We propose an alternative: Learn a forward model based on the EEG data of the subject and a data-driven prior over forward models.

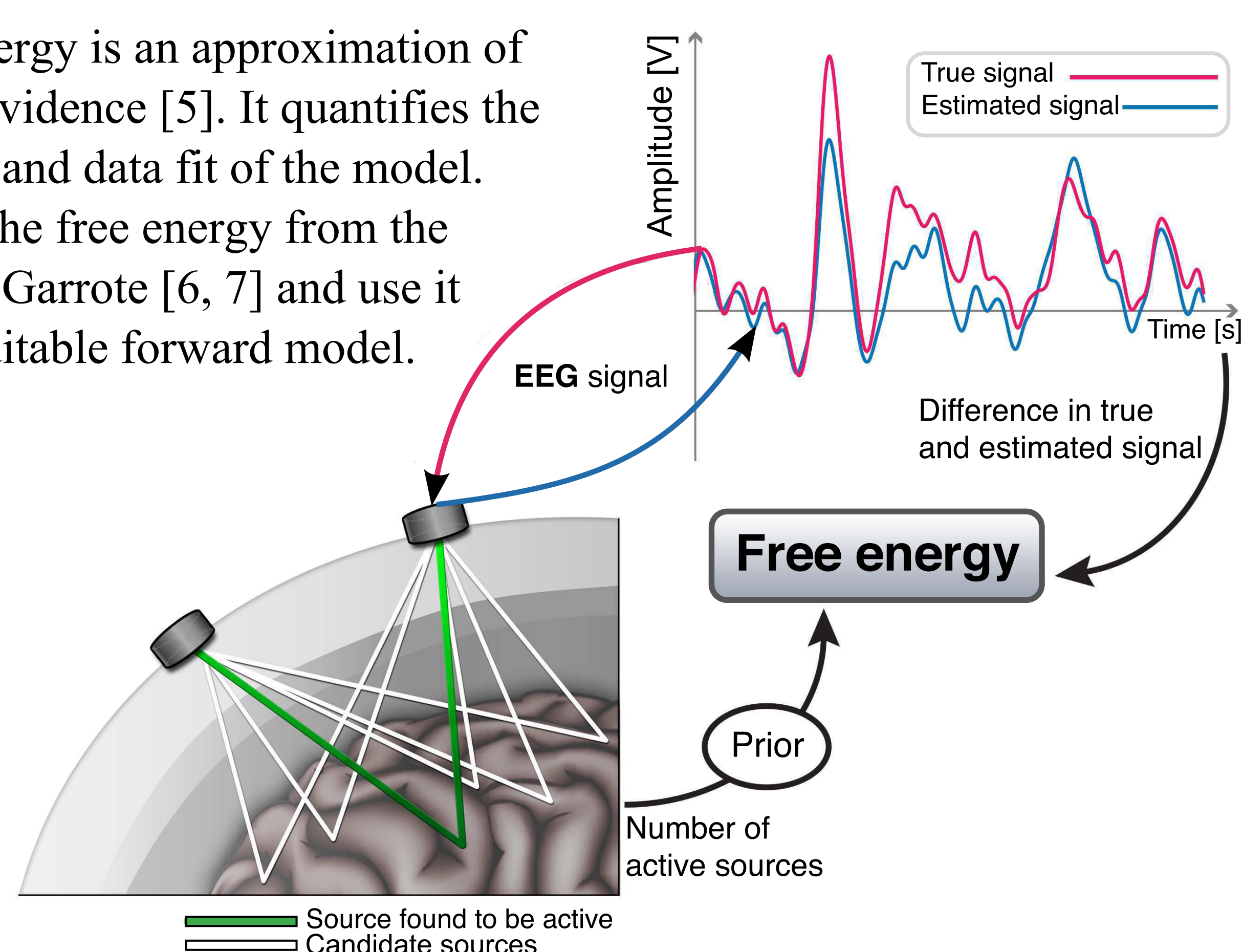
## FORWARD MODEL REPRESENTATION



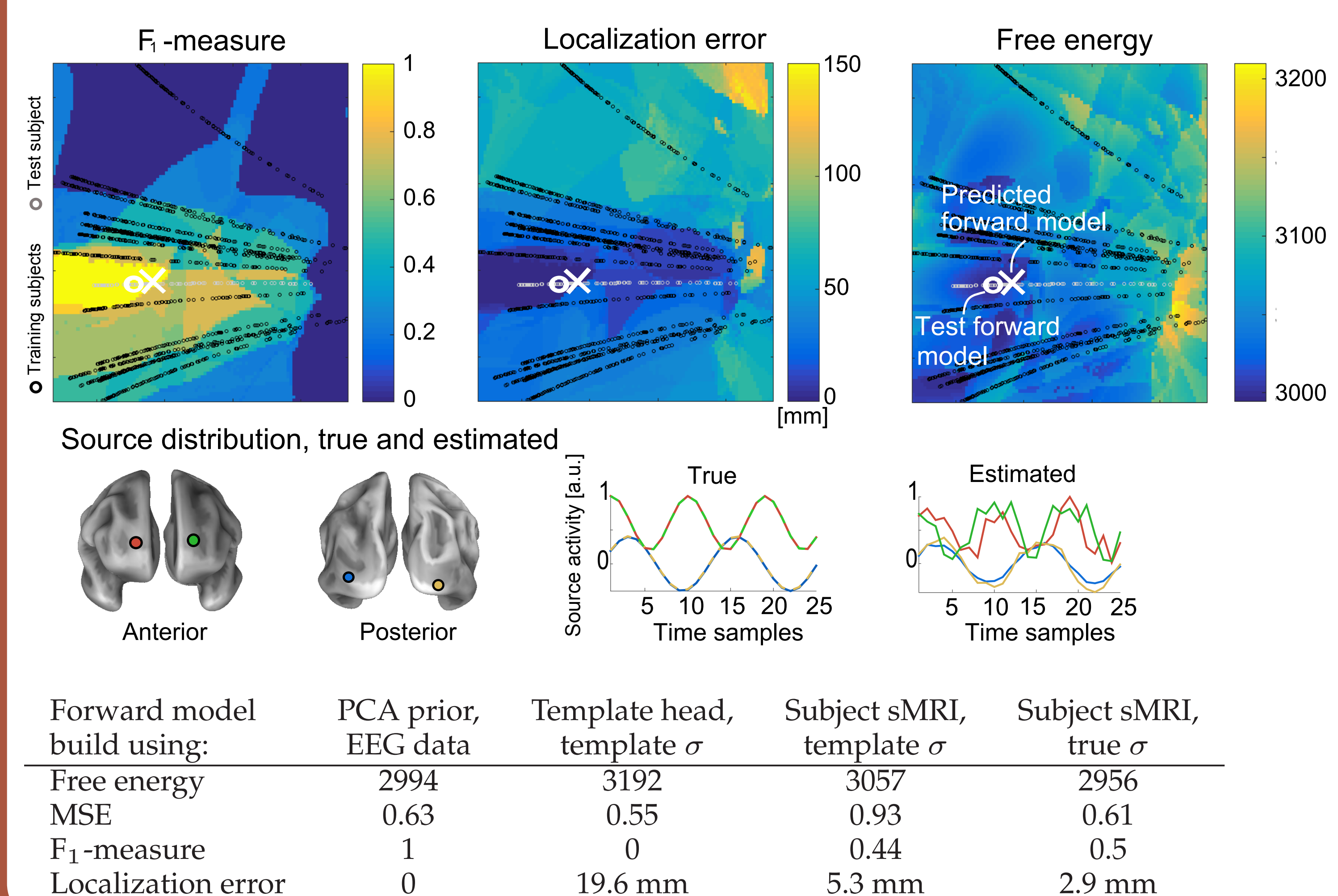
1. Structural scans of 16 subjects are obtained from the multi-subject multimodal neuroimaging dataset [4].
2. The sMRIs are for each subject segmented into cortex, skull and scalp.
3. Each head model is combined with different skull:soft tissue conductivity ratios, generating 100 forward models for each subject. The forward model corpus is decomposed using principal component analysis.

## FORWARD MODEL INFERENCE

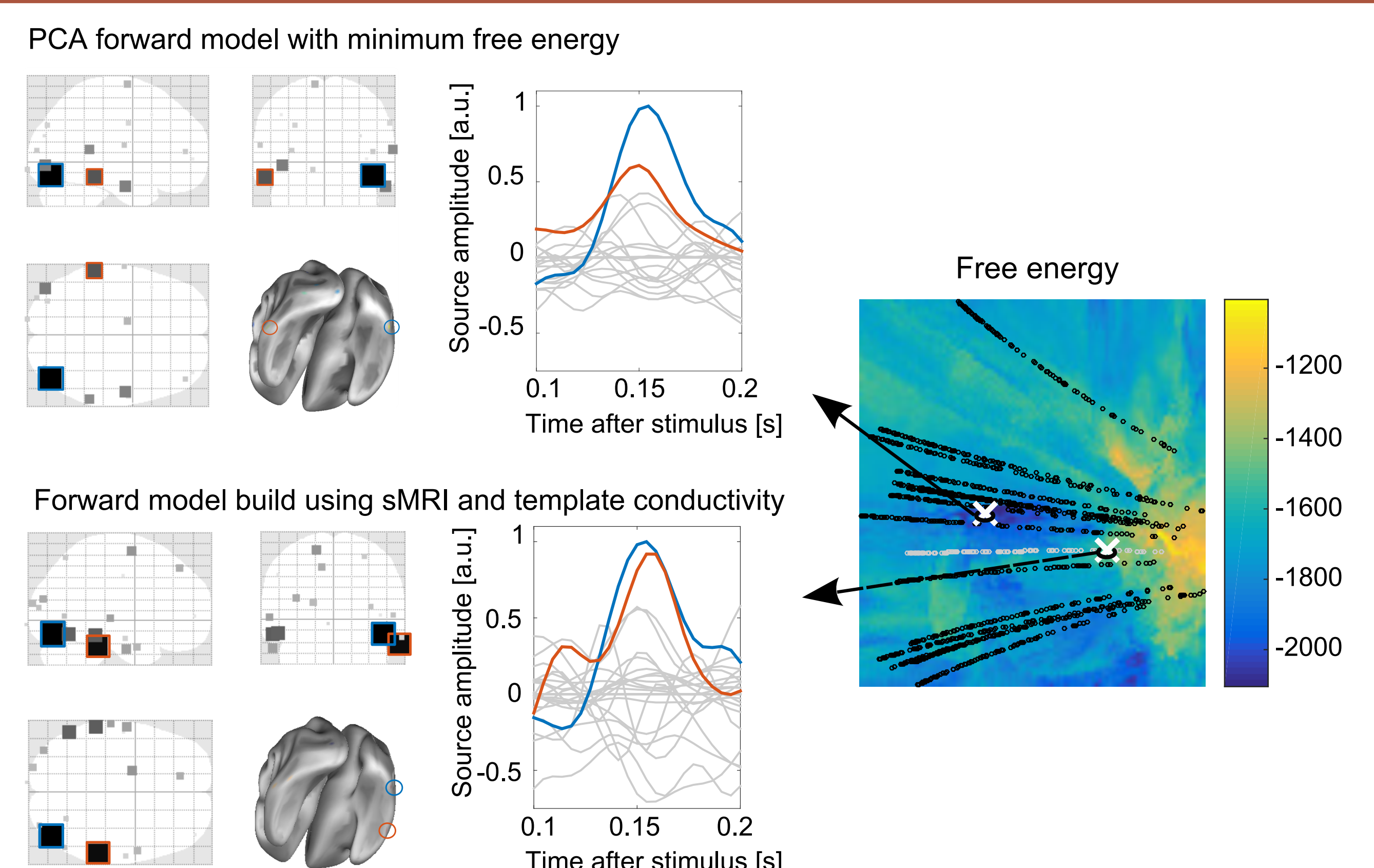
The free energy is an approximation of the model evidence [5]. It quantifies the complexity and data fit of the model. We obtain the free energy from the Variational Garrote [6, 7] and use it to infer a suitable forward model.



## SIMULATION RECOVER A FORWARD MODEL FOR A NEW SUBJECT



## REAL EEG DATA - FACE PERCEPTION TASK



## CONCLUSION

- The proposed framework provides simultaneous estimation of a forward model and the EEG sources.
- Forward models can be inferred for new subjects without subject-specific geometry and conductivity. Instead inference is based on a forward model representation and the recorded EEG of the new subjects.
- Inferred forward models provides similar source distributions as when using forward models having structural information.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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For more information check out: Hansen, S.T., Hauberg, S., Hansen, L.K. (2016). Data-driven forward model inference for EEG brain imaging. *NeuroImage*, in press. doi:10.1016/j.neuroimage.2016.06.017